Reviewer's code: 06143508

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS
As a common resuscitation method in the ICU, mechanical ventilation plays an important role in improving respiratory support to critically ill patients. Delirium mainly manifests as an acute onset and recurrent cognitive or consciousness dysfunction. The occurrence of delirium in ICU patients increases the treatment cost and psychological burden of patients and their families. Furthermore, it directly leads to cognitive function impairment, decreased quality of life, and increased mortality. It is important to provide early rehabilitation training for ICU patients with mechanical ventilation in the clinic. In this study, the authors explored the effect of progressive early rehabilitation training on ICU patients with mechanical ventilation and evaluated its prognosis to provide a future reference for the clinical nursing intervention of ICU patients. The manuscript is overall very well designed and the results are interesting. The results are well discussed with updated references. The reviser recommends to accept this manuscript after a minor editing.

Reply: Thank you for your suggestion. The manuscript has been revised and edited again.
Reviewer’s code: 06143523

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS
This is an interesting study of the progressive early rehabilitation training mode in ICU patients with mechanical ventilation. The research is well performed. Some minor language polishing should be corrected before publishing.

Reply: Thank you for your suggestion. We have checked and edited the language again.