Supplementary Table 1 PRISMA checklist

Castion/tonic	No	Checklist item	Reported	on
Section/topic	INU.	Checklist item	page No.	
TITLE				
Title	1	Identify the report as a systematic review, meta-analysis, or both.	1	
ABSTRACT				
Structured summary	2	Provide a structured summary including, as applicable: background; objectives; data sources; study eligibility criteria, participants, and interventions; study appraisal and synthesis methods; results; limitations; conclusions and implications of key findings; systematic review registration number.	3	
INTRODUCTION				
Rationale	3	Describe the rationale for the review in the context of what is already known.	5	
Objectives	4	Provide an explicit statement of questions being addressed with reference to participants, interventions, comparisons, outcomes, and study design (PICOS).	6	
METHODS				
Protocol and registration	5	Indicate if a review protocol exists, if and where it can be accessed (<i>e.g.</i> , Web address), and, if available, provide registration information including registration number.	N/A	
Eligibility criteria	6	Specify study characteristics (<i>e.g.</i> , PICOS, length of follow-up) and report characteristics (<i>e.g.</i> , years considered, language, publication status) used as criteria for eligibility, giving rationale.	6, 7	

Information sources	7	Describe all information sources (e.g., databases with dates of coverage, contact with study	7
		authors to identify additional studies) in the search and date last searched.	
Search	8	Present full electronic search strategy for at least one database, including any limits used,	7
Scarcii	O	such that it could be repeated.	,
Study selection	9	State the process for selecting studies (i.e., screening, eligibility, included in systematic	7
Study selection	9	review, and, if applicable, included in the meta-analysis).	,
Data collection	10	Describe method of data extraction from reports (e.g., piloted forms, independently, in	7
process	10	duplicate) and any processes for obtaining and confirming data from investigators.	/
Data itama	11	List and define all variables for which data were sought (e.g., PICOS, funding sources) and	7 0
Data items	11	any assumptions and simplifications made.	7,8
Risk of bias in		Describe methods used for assessing risk of bias of individual studies (including specification	
Risk of bias in individual studies	12	of whether this was done at the study or outcome level), and how this information is to be	8
marviduai studies		used in any data synthesis.	
Summary measures	13	State the principal summary measures (e.g., risk ratio, difference in means).	8
Countle asia of magnitude	11	Describe the methods of handling data and combining results of studies, if done, including	NT / A
Synthesis of results	14	measures of consistency (e.g., I ²) for each meta-analysis.	N/A
Risk of bias across	15	Specify any assessment of risk of bias that may affect the cumulative evidence (e.g.,	NT / A
studies	15	publication bias, selective reporting within studies).	N/A
Additional analyses	16	Describe methods of additional analyses (e.g., sensitivity or subgroup analyses, meta-	NT / A
Additional analyses	16	regression), if done, indicating which were pre-specified.	N/A

RESULTS			
Study selection	17	Give numbers of studies screened, assessed for eligibility, and included in the review, with reasons for exclusions at each stage, ideally with a flow diagram.	9, Supplemental Figure 1
Study characteristics	18	For each study, present characteristics for which data were extracted (<i>e.g.</i> , study size, PICOS, follow-up period) and provide the citations.	9, Table 1
Risk of bias within studies	19	Present data on risk of bias of each study and, if available, any outcome level assessment (see item 12).	9, Supplemental Table 2, 3
Results of individual studies	20	For all outcomes considered (benefits or harms), present, for each study: (a) simple summary data for each intervention group (b) effect estimates and confidence intervals, ideally with a forest plot.	9, 10, Table 2
Synthesis of results	21	Present results of each meta-analysis done, including confidence intervals and measures of consistency.	N/A
Risk of bias across studies	22	Present results of any assessment of risk of bias across studies (see Item 15).	N/A
Additional analysis	23	Give results of additional analyses, if done [e.g., sensitivity or subgroup analyses, meta-regression (see Item 16)].	N/A
DISCUSSION Summary of evidence	24	Summarize the main findings including the strength of evidence for each main outcome;	10-12

		consider their relevance to key groups (e.g., healthcare providers, users, and policy makers).	
Limitations	25	Discuss limitations at study and outcome level (<i>e.g.</i> , risk of bias), and at review-level (<i>e.g.</i> , incomplete retrieval of identified research, reporting bias).	12
Conclusions	26	Provide a general interpretation of the results in the context of other evidence, and implications for future research.	12
FUNDING			
Funding	27	Describe sources of funding for the systematic review and other support (<i>e.g.</i> , supply of data); role of funders for the systematic review.	N/A

N/A: Not applicable.

Supplementary Table 2 National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute Quality Assessment scale results for the case series

PMID	Ref.		Was	Was	the	Were	the	Were	the	Was	the	Were	the	Was	the	Were	Were	Tota	Quali
	(Year	of	the	study		cases		subjec	ts	interve	enti	outcome		lengtl	h of	the	the	1	ty
	Publication)	study	populat	ion	consec	cuti	compa	rab	on cle	arly	measures	clearly	follov	V -	statistic	results	scor	rating
	n)		objecti	clearly	and	ve?		le?		descril	bed	defined,	valid,	up		al	well-	e	
			ve	fully						?		reliable,	and	adequ	ıate	methods	describe		
			clearly	describ	ed,							implement	ted	?		well-	d?		
			stated?	includi	ng a							consistentl	y			describe			
				case								across all	study			d?			
				definiti	on?							participant	ts?						
2046571	Mehta	et	1	1		1		1		1		1		0		0	1	7	Good
7	$al^{[8]}$																		
	(2010)																		
1688984	David	et	1	1		1		1		1		1		1		1	1	9	Good
6	$al^{[7]}$																		
	(2007)																		
	Dachnart	a t	1	1		1		1		1		1		0		0	1	7	Good
1531069	Daehnert <i>et</i>																		
8																			
	(2004)																		

N/A ¹	Ing et al ^[5]	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	7	Good
	(2002)											

¹Ing *et al* was the first group to describe rapid right ventricular pacing for balloon aortic valvuloplasty in an abstract at the Journal of the American College of Cardiology; The National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute scale ranges from 1to 9; with a score of 1–3 denoting poor quality, 4-6 fair quality and 7-9 suggesting good quality. PMID: PubMed identification number; N/A: Not applicable.

Supplementary Table 3 Newcastle-Ottawa scale results for the case-control study

PMID	Ref.		Representativeness	Selec	tion	Ascertainment	Outcome	Comparability		Comparability		Long	Adequacy	Total	
	(Year	of		of	non-	of exposure	not	on	relief of	on	post-BAV	enough	(≥ 90%) of	score	
	Publicatio	Publication)			sed	present	AS A			AR follow-		follow-up			
							at start					up (≥			
												30 d)			
20826965	Gupta et al	[9]	1	1		1	1	1		1		0	0	6	
	(2010)														

PMID: PubMed identification number; AS: Congenital aortic stenosis; BAV: Balloon aortic valvuloplasty; AR: Aortic regurgitation.