Gallstone pancreatitis: when is endoscopic retrograde ...  
https://www.pubfacts.com/detail/12631452/Gallstone...  ●  
The majority of patients with acute gallstone pancreatitis have mild disease and recover within 3 to 5 days with bed rest and intravenous fluid replacement. ... and the possibility to remove impacted gallstones endoscopically. Urgent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography and sphincterotomy are recommended in patients with signs of ...  

Gallstone pancreatitis  
https://www.infona.pl/resource/bwmeta1.element...  ●  
In severe pancreatitis, early enteral nutrition is recommended through a nasojejunal tube. In patients with severe pancreatitis or with cholangitis, urgent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography within 72 hours is indicated, and when appropriate, a sphincterotomy ...  

Gallstone pancreatitis: when is endoscopic retrograde ...  
https://read.qxmd.com/read/12631452/gallstone...  ●  
Acute pancreatitis is an inflammation of the pancreas that can, in a minority of patients, lead to local complications, multigorgan failure, and death. Gallstones are the most common cause of acute pancreatitis in Western countries. The majority of patients with acute gallstone pancreatitis have mild disease and recover within 3 to 5 days with bed rest and intravenous fluid replacement.  

Evidence-based clinical practice guidelines for acute ...  
Oct 01. 2002 : In complicated gallstone pancreatitis, urgent endoscopic retrograde
Proposal of the term "gallstone cholangitis/pancreatitis" to specify gallstone pancreatitis that needs urgent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography

Proposal of the term "gallstone cholangitis/pancreatitis"

Abstract
Opari's "pancreatic duct obstruction" and "common channel" theories are generally accepted as explanations of the mechanisms involved in gallstone acute pancreatitis (AP). Common-channel elevates the mechanism of exacerbating pancreatitis due to gallstones. For pancreatic duct obstruction, the clinical picture of most patients with ampullary stone impaction accompanied by biliary pancreatic obstruction is dominated by life-threatening acute cholangitis rather than by AP, which clamps the understanding of gallstone pancreatitis as an entity that needs urgent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography.

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Proposal of the term "gallstone cholangiopancreatitis" to specify g

The term "gallstone cholangiopancreatitis (CP)" is suggested to specify gallstone acute pancreatitis (AP) that is complicated by life-threatening acute cholangitis due to persistent ampullary stone impaction and needs urgent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography with endoscopic ...

Evidence-based clinical practice guidelines for acute ...

Oct 01, 2002 - In complicated gallstone pancreatitis, urgent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) with/without endoscopic sphincterotomy is proven to decrease complications and mortality 10-13 (level 1b). Therefore, in severe gallstone pancreatitis or gallstone pancreatitis with cholangitis or obstruction of the biliary tract, emergent ERCP ...
Cited by: 117          Author: Toshihiko Mayumi, Hideki Ura, Shinju Ar...
Publish Year: 2002

The detection of bile duct stones in suspected gallstone ...

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/246692265...
Early endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) should be performed in all patients with acute biliary pancreatitis (ABP) and coexisting acute cholangitis.

Management of acute gallstone pancreatitis: So the story ...

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/5852764...
A total of 131 patients with acute pancreatitis (of whom 100 had gallstones) underwent endoscopic retrograde cholangiopancreatography (ERCP) during the same hospital admission.

Complications Related to Diagnostic and Therapeutic ...

Cited by: 138          Author: Change About