

Supplementary Material

Supplementary Table 1 Distributions of variables with missing data comparing observed complete case data to results from pooling the datasets with imputed variables from multiple imputation, n (%)

Variables	Number with missing data, n (%)	Complete case,	Multiple imputation,	P value
		mean ± SD	mean ± SD	
Poverty income ratio	249 (9.94)	2.3 ± 1.5	2.2 ± 1.5	0.713
BMI (kg/m ²)	82 (3.27)	31.5 ± 6.8	31.5 ± 6.8	0.863
Education level	6 (0.24)	683 (27.3)	683 (27.3)	0.995
Low (< 9 years)	-	1068 (42.7)	1074 (42.9)	-
Medium (9-13 years)	-	748 (29.9)	748 (29.9)	-
High (≥ 13 years)	-	-	-	-
Smoking status	9 (0.36)	-	-	0.994
Never smoker	-	1139 (45.6)	1144 (45.7)	-
Former smoker	-	877 (35.1)	877 (35)	-
Current smoker	-	480 (19.2)	484 (19.3)	-
Alcohol intake	81 (3.23)	-	-	0.998
None	-	2025 (83.5)	2094 (83.6)	-
Moderate	-	183 (7.5)	188 (7.5)	-
Heavy	-	216 (8.9)	223 (8.9)	-
Physical activity	1 (0.04)	-	-	0.992
Inactive	-	869 (34.7)	869 (34.7)	-
Active	-	1635 (65.3)	1636 (65.3)	-
Diabetes duration	793 (31.66)	-	-	0.493
< 10 years	-	1115 (65.1)	1657 (66.1)	-
≥ 10 years	-	597 (34.9)	848 (33.9)	-
ACR category	12 (0.48)	-	-	0.946
A1 (< 30 mg/g)	-	1756 (70.4)	1758 (70.2)	

A2 (30-300 mg/g)	-	596 (23.9)	600 (24)	-
A3 (\geq 300 mg/g)	-	141 (5.7)	147 (5.9)	-
Healthy eating index	84 (3.35)	52.8 \pm 13.1	52.8 \pm 13.1	0.875
eGFR- (mL/minute/1.73 m ²)	4 (0.16)	88.4 \pm 21.6	88.4 \pm 21.6	0.996

BMI: Body mass index; ACR: Albumin-to-creatinine ratio; eGFR: Estimated glomerular filtration rate.

Supplementary Table 2 Association between hs-troponin T and diabetic kidney diseasein patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus after excluding data for high-sensitivity troponin T < limit of detection (*n* = 93)

Variable	Deaths/total, <i>n</i>	Non-adjusted model, HR (95%CI)	<i>P</i> value	Model I, <i>P</i> value HR, (95%CI)	Model II, <i>P</i> HR (95%CI)	Model III, HR (95%CI)	<i>P</i> value
Continuous variable							
Hs-troponin T (ng/L)	887/2412	1.11 (1.06-1.16)	< 0.0001	1.11 (1.05- 1.17)	< 0.001	1.08 (1.02- 1.15)	0.020
Binary variable							
Quintile 1 (3.0- 6.17)	228/804	Ref	-	Ref	-	Ref	-
Quintile 2 (6.18-9.96)	265/805	1.53 (0.97-2.40)	0.064	1.49 (0.91- 2.44)	0.110	1.28 (0.79- 2.06)	0.296
Quintile 3 (9.97-21.88)	394/803	2.92 (1.82-4.69)	< 0.0001	2.79 (1.64- 4.76)	< 0.001	2.25 (1.19- 4.25)	0.015
<i>P</i> for trend	-	-	< 0.0001	-	< 0.001	-	0.015
							0.027

Model I: Adjusted for age (continuous), sex (male or female); Model II: Adjusted for Model I plus race (Mexican American, non-Hispanic white, non-Hispanic black, other Hispanic, other races including multi-racial), education level (< 9, 9-13, ≥

13), body mass index (continuous), poverty income ratio (continuous), smoking status (never smoker, former smoker, current smoker), hypertension (no, yes), cardiovascular disease (no, yes), hyperlipidemia (no, yes), physical activity (inactive, active), alcohol intake (none, moderate, heavy), estimated glomerular filtration rate (continuous); Model III: Adjusted for Model II plus diabetes duration (< 10 years, \geq 10 years), use of diabetes medications (no, other, insulin, oral medications), healthy eating index (continuous), glycated hemoglobin A1c (continuous); BMI: Body mass index; CVD: Cardiovascular disease; eGFR: Estimated glomerular filtration rate; HEI: Healthy eating index; HbA1c: Glycated hemoglobin A1c; HR: Hazard ratio; CI: Confidence interval.