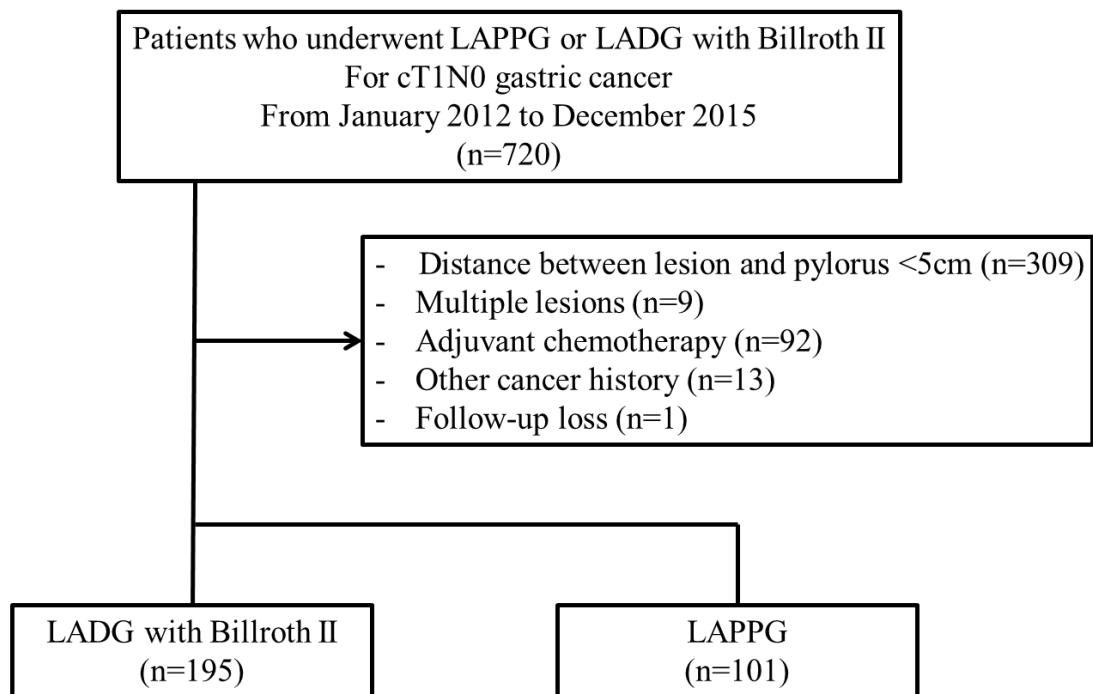


Supplementary Figure1. Flow diagram for the study.



LADG, laparoscopy-assisted distal gastrectomy; LAPPG, laparoscopy-assisted pylorus preserving gastrectomy

**Supplementary Table 1.**Comparison of iron supplements between the laparoscopy-assisted pylorus preserving gastrectomy and laparoscopy-assisted distal gastrectomy groups.

Outcomes	LADG (n=195)	LAPPG (n=101)	p-value
No iron supplement	152 (77.9)	81 (80.2)	0.765
Any iron supplement	43 (22.1)	20 (19.8)	
Oral iron for 6 months or less	21 (9.8)	12 (11.8)	
Oral iron for more than 6 months	19 (8.5)	1 (1.0)	
Intravenous iron	0 (0)	3 (2.9)	
Intravenous iron plus oral iron	3 (1.5)	4 (4.0)	

LADG, laparoscopy-assisted distal gastrectomy; LAPPG, laparoscopy-assisted pylorus preserving gastrectomy  
Oral iron is ferrous sulfate, and intravenous iron is ferric carboxymaltose

Supplementary Table 2. Number of patients who answered to the questionnaire in each time duration after surgery.

	LADG (n=108)	LAPPG (n=61)
2Y	1	2
2Y6m	7	2
3Y	13	5
3Y6m	19	10
4Y	27	18
4Y6m	27	16
5Y	14	8

LADG, laparoscopy-assisted distal gastrectomy; LAPPG, laparoscopy-assisted pylorus preserving gastrectomy