Reviewer #1:
**Scientific Quality:** Grade A (Excellent)
**Language Quality:** Grade B (Minor language polishing)
**Conclusion:** Accept (High priority)
**Specific Comments to Authors:** This manuscript presented a case of Primary hepatic leiomyosarcoma (PHL), which is a rare tumor with a very low incidence. The authors underwent Ro resection of the tumor for the patient and summarized the related literature of PHL. This article is well written and the language is concise.

Reviewer #2:
**Scientific Quality:** Grade B (Very good)
**Language Quality:** Grade B (Minor language polishing)
**Conclusion:** Minor revision
**Specific Comments to Authors:** This case report describes a forty-eight-year-old woman diagnosed as Primary hepatic leiomyosarcoma (PHL), which is a rare tumor with a very low incidence. After surgical resection, it was diagnosed as PHL. In the case report, there are some confused expressions: In BACKGROUND: Primary hepatic leiomyosarcoma (PHL) is a rare tumor with a very low incidence of around 0.2. Can’t understand what meaning about “0.2” CASE SUMMARY in the 3rd line, there is a clerical error: “CT scan othe f”.

Answers for Reviewer #2:

In BACKGROUND: Primary hepatic leiomyosarcoma (PHL) is a rare tumor with a very low incidence of around 0.2

**Corrections as per reviewer comments:**

**BACKGROUND:**

*Primary hepatic leiomyosarcoma (PHL)* is a rare tumor with a very low incidence of around 0.2%

**CASE SUMMARY:**

The forty-eight-year-old woman known diabetic, hypertensive, and morbidly obese presented with two months history of abdominal pain and weight loss—no history of fever, jaundice, or other liver diseases. On workup, a contrast-enhanced Computed Tomography (CT) scan of the abdomen and pelvis revealed an ill-defined enhancing
hypervascular hepatic mass of 9.9 x 7.8 cm occupying the left hepatic lobe with evidence of central necrosis and partial washout on delayed images.